

IDC MarketScape

IDC MarketScape: Worldwide General-Purpose Knowledge Discovery Software 2023 Vendor Assessment

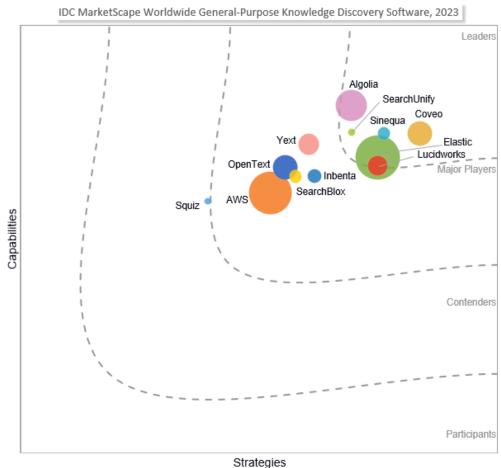
Hayley Sutherland

THIS IDC MARKETSCAPE EXCERPT FEATURES SEARCHBLOX

IDC MARKETSCAPE FIGURE

FIGURE 1

IDC MarketScape Worldwide General-Purpose Knowledge Discovery Software Vendor Assessment



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Source: IDC, 2023

Please see the Appendix for detailed methodology, market definition, and scoring criteria.

IN THIS EXCERPT

The content for this excerpt was taken directly from IDC MarketScape: Worldwide General-Purpose Knowledge Discovery Software 2023 Vendor Assessment (Doc# US49988523). All or parts of the following sections are included in this excerpt: IDC Opinion, IDC MarketScape Vendor Inclusion Criteria, Essential Guidance, Vendor Summary Profile, Appendix and Learn More. Also included is Figure 1.

IDC OPINION

Whether we are seeking knowledge, items, food, places, or other people, findability is a problem that humans have been working on since the dawn of time. As we gained the ability to communicate, we began to use language and symbols as tools in this process, and with the evolution of the internet, the problem of findability became more interesting still. The massive expansion of the scale of publicly accessible information, followed by the arrival of ecommerce, put new demands on organizations to create their own presence on the internet, including making key information and products findable for online users. Between knowledge management, content management, product management, customer records management, and so forth, systems of record began to proliferate. In many cases, these siloed systems came with their own search engines and could be challenging to reconcile. Manually tagging content, creating and maintaining taxonomies and ontologies, and ensuring that such central representations of knowledge or product catalogs are consistently useful for all users remained key challenges. For years, despite improvements in some search technologies, knowledge workers continued to lose time trying to find the knowledge they needed and companies continued to lose revenue from impacts like slower time to market or customers being unable to find similar or related products.

Over the past three to five years, however, IDC has been observing a fundamental shift as machine learning (ML)- and deep learning-driven advances in Al have made their way into most commercial search systems. Capabilities such as ML-based relevancy tuning, auto-tagging of content, auto-building of knowledge models, enhanced document understanding, and vector search have helped improve key measures of the accuracy and completeness of search (i.e., precision and recall). According to a February 2023 IDC survey, the benefits of these advances have been wide reaching: for example, 41% of respondents saw improvements in employee productivity because of Al-powered search systems, helping scale operations; 33.9% of respondents saw increased cost savings; and 31% saw increased revenue. Areas such as decision-making, employee and customer satisfaction, and innovation also saw positive improvements. Nearly half of those respondents (40.8%) had invested in new Al-powered enterprise search and knowledge discovery software in the past three years, and 79.4% were using a system that was less than five years old (see *Search and Knowledge Discovery Buying Decisions and ROI, 2023*, IDC #US50160723, May 2023).

Increasingly, search and knowledge discovery systems are also leveraging the latest innovations in generative large language models (LLMs). Emerging into the mainstream in late 2022, the ability of LLMs to generate nuanced, human-like language shows great promise for search, from improving intent understanding and results relevancy to providing personalized and conversational product search to synthesizing insights, answers, and summaries. At the same time, practitioners are finding

that search technologies, particularly vector search, are critical for helping mitigate the problem of hallucination, in which LLMs provide false or inaccurate answers, via techniques such as retrieval-augmented generation (RAG). As a result, IDC is seeing an accelerated move among search and knowledge discovery vendors to provide vector-based search (if they were not already doing so), as well as to enhance and upgrade vector databases. Some are turning to third-party providers such as Redis, Pinecone.io, and Weaviate, while other vendors are moving to provide their own vector database technology.

Definitions

This section defines some important terms that are key to understanding IDC's assessment and characterization of this market. For a definition of the market itself, including the term "knowledge discovery," refer to the Market Definition in the Appendix.

- Keyword search: Also known as lexical search, this describes information retrieval performed by searching for exact matches to search terms.
- Semantic search: Semantic search goes beyond keyword matching to incorporate semantic meaning such as context, resulting in better intent understanding and enabling related or similar items, knowledge, and so forth to be found.
- Vector search: Typically used in semantic search engines, replacing or (more often) in combination with traditional keyword search, vector search uses ML models to transform unstructured data into numeric representations or "vectors." These vectors represent the semantic meaning and context of that data, allowing ML models to find related or similar concepts by using numerical distance as a proxy for semantic distance.
- Generative AI: Generative AI is a branch of computer science that involves unsupervised and semi-supervised machine learning algorithms that enable computers to create new content using previously created content, such as text, audio, video, images, and code.
- Large language models: One example of generative AI, LLMs are language-generation models with vast numbers of parameters. LLMs began at Google Brain in 2017, initially used for translation of words while preserving context, and have since proliferated at leading tech firms like Google (BERT and LaMDA), Facebook (OPT-175B and BlenderBot), and OpenAI (GPT-3.5). In addition, some organizations have developed their own LLMs or customized models based on OS and commercial versions for business use.
- Retrieval-augmented generation: RAG is an approach to answer generation that leverages the
 strengths of both search and generative AI technologies. In the RAG machine learning pattern,
 relevant information (typically determined via vector search) is first retrieved by the search
 system and then passed to the LLM in the form of best-fit snippets or documents, which the
 LLM then summarizes into an answer or insight.

IDC MARKETSCAPE VENDOR INCLUSION CRITERIA

Participating vendors must meet the following inclusion criteria:

The offering should be commercially available for use as a single product family or a suite of services and purchase by customers for at least one year. IDC will also consider and include new product features and capabilities introduced through the calendar year 2023 as part of vendor strategy evaluation. In addition, IDC will consider these features as part of its capabilities evaluation if there is sufficient customer adoption and use for IDC to properly

- evaluate them and as long as these features are generally available by the time of publication of this document.
- The product must offer knowledge discovery software that organizations can utilize, customize, deploy, and/or also include in their enterprise applications.
- The product must support a variety of internal- and external-facing use cases.
- The product must have at least 25 customers that have used this solution/service in production in the calendar year 2022.
- The product must have achieved at least \$1 million in revenue in the calendar year 2022.
- The product must be offered and available on a worldwide basis.
- The product must be all or mostly the vendor's own intellectual property (IP).

ADVICE FOR TECHNOLOGY BUYERS

- Upgrade your organization to Al-powered knowledge discovery software if you have not already done so. While the search market was somewhat stagnant for some time, advances in Al in the past few years have resulted in significant improvements that are providing many organizations with competitive advantage.
- Determine what your most important use cases are to support, so that you can select the general-purpose knowledge discovery software best suited for your organization. While all the vendors in this evaluation support a variety of internal-facing and external-facing use cases, each has its areas of specialization and expertise, including content types supported, prebuilt integrations, and domain-specific products and features.
- Work with internal business and IT leaders to develop KPIs and metrics that help measure the success of new or enhanced knowledge discovery software, including but ideally not limited to productivity. Consider aspects such as increased innovation; better business decision-making; faster time to decision; faster time to market; increased employee, customer, and partner satisfaction; and even financial benefits such as revenue and cost savings.
- Frame your generative AI strategy in terms of outcomes. Leverage internal, vendor, and partner expertise to understand what use cases are valuable, feasible, and safe to start with while ensuring that success can be meaningfully measured. Ask your vendors detailed questions about how they are dealing with concerns such as hallucinations, data privacy issues, legal/IP challenges, pace of innovation, and open versus closed systems. Work with IT and knowledge management teams to gain a clear picture of the state of organizational data.
- Remember that LLMs are essentially very good language generators. They were not built to be fact retrievers and must be grounded in real-world data via techniques like RAG and prompt engineering, as well as bounded within organizational values and ethics to ensure that classic AI issues such as bias, discrimination, or inappropriate language are not produced.

VENDOR SUMMARY PROFILES

This section briefly explains IDC's key observations resulting in a vendor's position in the IDC MarketScape. While every vendor is evaluated against each of the criteria outlined in the Appendix, the description here provides a summary of each vendor's strengths and challenges.

SearchBlox

After a thorough evaluation of SearchBlox's strategies and capabilities, IDC has positioned the company in the Major Players category in this 2023 IDC MarketScape for worldwide general-purpose knowledge discovery software.

SearchBlox is a global provider of Al-driven enterprise and website search; is headquartered in Richmond, Virginia; and is privately held. Its core search offering is SearchBlox Enterprise Search, which provides a unified search experience with built-in security, integrated NLP automation, and ongoing expert guidance. Related products such as SearchAl SmartSuggest, SearchAl SmartSynonyms, SearchAl SmartFAQs, and SearchAl ChatBot provide additional functionality to enhance various search and knowledge discovery use cases, regardless of whether SearchBlox Enterprise Search or a different search engine is used.

Quick Facts

Year founded: 2003

Total number of employees: 65Total number of clients: 173

- Industry focus: Industry agnostic, with its strongest presence in highly regulated industries financial services, public sector, and healthcare/pharma
- Deployment options: Can provide on-premises and private cloud deployments, as well as public cloud deployments on AWS, Azure, or Google Cloud
- Pricing model: For self-hosted instances, SearchBlox charges by annual subscription per server license with a separately priced support plan; SearchBlox Fully Managed Enterprise Search is consumption based, priced by the volume of documents
- Related products/services: Related products that can be purchased standalone and plugged into other search systems include: SearchAl SmartSuggest (Al-powered type-ahead suggestions), SearchAl SmartSynonyms (synonym expansion to expand search terms and relevant results), SearchAl SmartFAQs (content crawler/FAQ generator), and SearchAl ChatBot (conversational interface for searching domain content)
- Prebuilt integrations, connectors, and content types: Provides 329 prebuilt integrations and connectors for different data sources and supports 34 file formats out of the box

Generative Al Approach and Features

- Overall approach: SearchBlox's approach to incorporating the latest advances in generative Al
 and large language models is to leverage prompt engineering and RAG to ground generative
 answers in enterprise data.
- LLM of choice: SearchBlox uses its own LLM, built on top of open source LLMs, for embeddings. It is currently working with Microsoft Azure OpenAl Service for generative capabilities but planning to support BYO for other models in the future.
- Currently GA features: SearchBlox made generative AI features generally available to customers within its SearchAI SmartFAQs and SearchAI ChatBot products on August 18, 2023. Customers can now use SmartFAQs to generate FAQs and answers, while ChatBot provides a conversational interface powered by generative AI.
- Publicly announced road map features: SearchBlox plans to provide its customers with the ability to work with local LLMs so they can take advantage of the latest features while keeping on-premises/private instances.

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Strengths

- Strong start in generative AI: SearchBlox has been one of the earlier search and knowledge
 discovery vendors to put generative AI features into GA production for its customers. The
 company's history of working in highly regulated industries makes it well positioned to provide
 resilient, trustworthy generative answering features.
- Ease of use: SearchBlox's customers rated it highly on ease of use, particularly in terms of its APIs, for developers. While SearchBlox does not provide low-code/no-code development tools aimed at non-developers, it does provide such tools to speed implementation and deployment for those with development expertise.

Challenges

- Limited range of supported use cases: While SearchBlox provides strong capabilities for highly regulated industries, this vendor supports a relatively small number of use cases and industries out of the box.
- Market visibility: While the market for search and knowledge discovery is not as crowded as some software markets, the rise of LLM-based search vendors and the existence of a number of strong legacy and cloud players can make differentiation and visibility a challenge for relatively smaller players such as SearchBlox. SearchBlox will need to step up its marketing and thought leadership activities to ensure that potential customers are aware of its products and offerings and generating enough growth to keep it competitive.

Consider SearchBlox When

Consider SearchBlox when you are looking for a general-purpose search and knowledge discovery vendor that can be used for both internal enterprise/departmental search and external website search use cases. SearchBlox has strong experience in highly regulated industries and may be well positioned to help such clients navigate the risks and opportunities inherent in the current evolution of search and knowledge discovery with generative AI.

Conclusion

While the search market was somewhat stagnant for some time, advances in AI have led to significant improvements, resulting in knowledge discovery software systems that are providing many organizations with competitive advantage. The rapidly evolving business and global landscape has shifted focus to resiliency and flexibility, and organizations of every kind are recognizing the importance of a strong foundation of enterprise intelligence. As leading organizations look to operationalize the latest advances in generative AI and LLMs, having this foundation will be critical to providing businesses and customers with insights and recommendations that are accurate, relevant, and useful.

APPENDIX

Reading an IDC MarketScape Graph

For the purposes of this analysis, IDC divided potential key measures for success into two primary categories: capabilities and strategies.

Positioning on the y-axis reflects the vendor's current capabilities and menu of services and how well aligned the vendor is to customer needs. The capabilities category focuses on the capabilities of the

company and product today, here and now. Under this category, IDC analysts will look at how well a vendor is building/delivering capabilities that enable it to execute its chosen strategy in the market.

Positioning on the x-axis, or strategies axis, indicates how well the vendor's future strategy aligns with what customers will require in three to five years. The strategies category focuses on high-level decisions and underlying assumptions about offerings, customer segments, and business and go-to-market plans for the next three to five years.

The size of the individual vendor markers in the IDC MarketScape represents the market share of each individual vendor within the specific market segment being assessed.

IDC MarketScape Methodology

IDC MarketScape criteria selection, weightings, and vendor scores represent well-researched IDC judgment about the market and specific vendors. IDC analysts tailor the range of standard characteristics by which vendors are measured through structured discussions, surveys, and interviews with market leaders, participants, and end users. Market weightings are based on user interviews, buyer surveys, and the input of IDC experts in each market. IDC analysts base individual vendor scores, and ultimately vendor positions on the IDC MarketScape, on detailed surveys and interviews with the vendors, publicly available information, and end-user experiences in an effort to provide an accurate and consistent assessment of each vendor's characteristics, behavior, and capability.

Market Definition

For this research, IDC defines general-purpose knowledge discovery as software that can find, locate, and provide answers, information, and knowledge discovery capabilities for a wide variety of internal-and external-facing use cases. As traditional search and information retrieval systems evolve, this software increasingly uses artificial intelligence technologies, including machine learning, deep learning, LLMs, and NLP, to facilitate natural language search and knowledge or product discovery across various structured and unstructured forms of data.

LEARN MORE

Related Research

- IDC MarketScape: Worldwide Search and Knowledge Discovery Software for Internal Use Cases 2023 Vendor Assessment (forthcoming)
- Market Analysis Perspective: Worldwide Search and Knowledge Discovery, 2023 (IDC #US49696923, September 2023)
- Worldwide Search and Knowledge Discovery Software Forecast, 2023-2027 (IDC #US49651823, July 2023)
- Worldwide Search and Knowledge Discovery Software Market Shares, 2022: Artificial Intelligence Accelerates Growth (IDC #US49651923, July 2023)
- Search and Knowledge Discovery Buying Decisions and ROI, 2023 (IDC #US50160723, May 2023)
- The Implications of Generative Large Language Models for Search and Knowledge Discovery (IDC #US50160923, March 2023)

Synopsis

This IDC study represents a vendor assessment of the general-purpose knowledge discovery software market through the IDC MarketScape model. This assessment discusses both quantitative and qualitative characteristics that provide guidance about knowledge discovery software vendors and their offerings. The evaluation is based on a comprehensive and rigorous framework that assesses vendors relative to the criteria and to one another, and it highlights the factors expected to be the most influential for success in the market in both the short term and the long term.

"Over the past three to five years, IDC has been observing a fundamental shift as machine learningand deep learning-driven advances in AI have made their way into most commercial search systems," said Hayley Sutherland, research manager, Knowledge Discovery and Conversational AI at IDC.
"While the search market was somewhat stagnant for some time, advances in AI have resulted in significant improvements that are providing many organizations with competitive advantage. Any business that has not yet upgraded to AI-powered search and knowledge discovery risks falling behind."

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Global Headquarters

140 Kendrick Street Building B Needham, MA 02494 USA 508.872.8200 Twitter: @IDC

blogs.idc.com www.idc.com

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